



# **The White Rose CCS Project: A Pathway to Regional Decarbonisation**

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**11th EC-EURACOAL COAL DIALOGUE on the future role of coal in Europe and  
current challenges**

**Brussels, 08<sup>th</sup> July, 2015**

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- Project Overview & Update
- UK CCS - Pathway to Regional Decarbonisation

**‘Carbon Capture and Storage (CCS) has the potential to be one of the most cost effective technologies for decarbonisation of the UK’s power and industrial sectors, as well as those of economies worldwide’**

**CCS Roadmap**

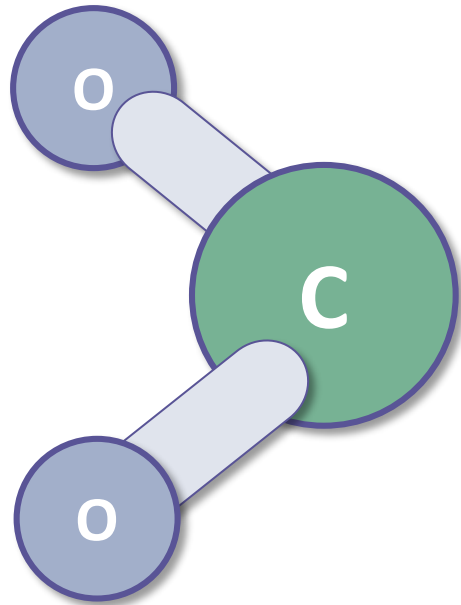
**Department of Energy and Climate Change**



***Vision: White Rose CCS  
The Future of Clean Power***

*Artist impression – courtesy of Arup Associates*

# Carbon Capture Storage (CCS) Snapshot



- CCS = collection of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from plants, transportation via pipeline and permanent storage underground
- Capture of emissions from power and industrial facilities
- Main technologies for power CCS: pre-combustion, post combustion and oxy-fuel
- Storage techniques used for several decades for enhanced oil recovery (EOR)
- 27 million t/d of CO<sub>2</sub> are currently being captured and stored around the world

# State of the Nation – CCS Deployment



- 22 large-scale CCS projects in operation or construction globally.
  - Capacity to capture up to 40 mill. tpa of CO<sub>2</sub> eq. 8 million cars off the road.
- 14 large-scale CCS projects in advanced planning stages
  - 9 in the power sector, many of which are anticipated to take a FID in 2014/15.
- 1<sup>st</sup> large-scale CCS project in the power sector went live at Boundary Dam in Canada on 2<sup>nd</sup> October, 2014
- Abu Dhabi CCS Project in the UAE (expected to come online in 2016) will be the world's first large-scale CCS project in the iron and steel sector
- The next two large-scale CCS projects in the power sector are planned to come online in the US:
  - Southern Company's Kemper County Energy Facility in Mississippi (2016), and the Petra Nova Carbon Capture Project in Texas (2016)
- The US, Canada and China leading the world in the development and deployment of CCS projects
  - Recent US-China emissions agreement likely a catalyst for accelerated CCS deployment.
- The UK is at the vanguard of CCS commercialisation in Europe

(source: GCCSI)

## Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change 5<sup>th</sup> Assessment Report (2013):

“It is *extremely likely* [**>95% certainty**] that human influence has been the dominant cause of the observed [climate] warming since the mid-20th century”<sup>1</sup>



- IPCC recommends reduction of global CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 50 – 85% by 2050
- IEA recommends CCS contributes to 14% of cumulative CO<sub>2</sub> emissions reduction to 2050
- UK 2008 Climate Change Act – legally binding CO<sub>2</sub> targets (80% cut in CO<sub>2</sub> emission level by 2050)
- ETI indicate cost of reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emission level without CCS in UK would equate to 1% GDP (£30 - £40Bn/yr)

1 IPCC 5th Assessment Report: Summary for Policymakers

2 IEA Technology Roadmap CCS 2013

# White Rose CCS - Project Snapshot

- A full-chain integrated CCS project incorporating a new ultrasupercritical Oxy Power Plant, up to 448 MWe (gross)
- Located Drax, North Yorkshire providing >300 MWe clean power, equivalent to the needs of 630,000 homes
- 100% of flue-gas treated, 90% CO<sub>2</sub> capture rate → 2 MTPA
- Biomass co-firing leading to net zero - CO<sub>2</sub> emissions



White Rose Carbon Capture & Storage (CCS) Project (Yorkshire). It will be the **UK's first CCS coal fired power station.**



- CO<sub>2</sub> transported c.a. 100 miles by pipeline to off-shore storage
- CO<sub>2</sub> to be permanently stored in a deep saline formation



# Delivery Plan



## OXY-POWER PLANT (OPP)

## CO<sub>2</sub> TRANSPORT & STORAGE



- Full-Chain Integration

nationalgrid  
Carbon Ltd



ALSTOM

- Delivery of OPP
- Integration of OPP



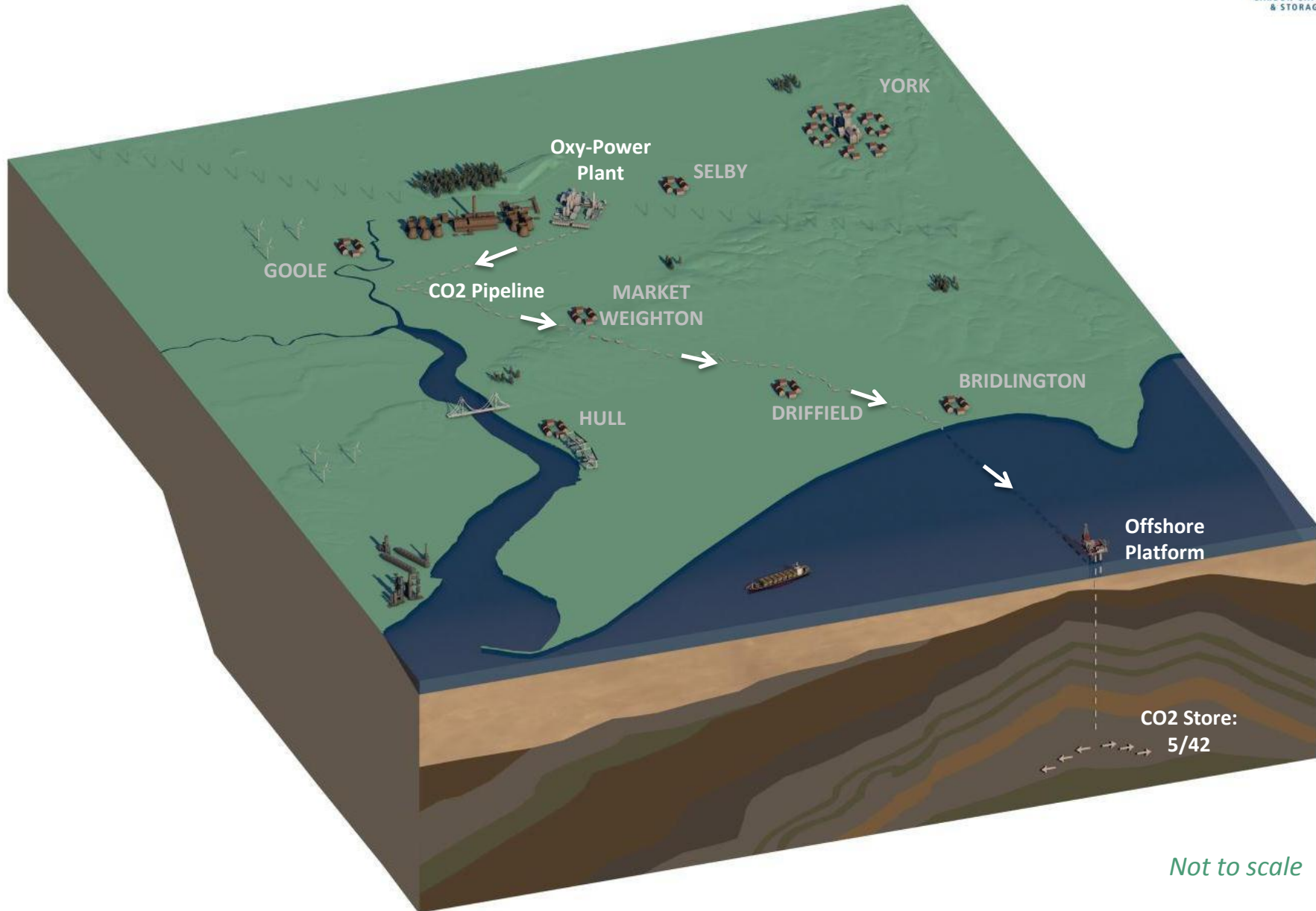
- O&M of OPP
- Trading Services
- Site and Site Services
- Fuel Supply
- Electrical Connection



- Delivery of ASU
- O&M of ASU

- Delivery of Transport & Storage network
- O&M of Transport & Storage network

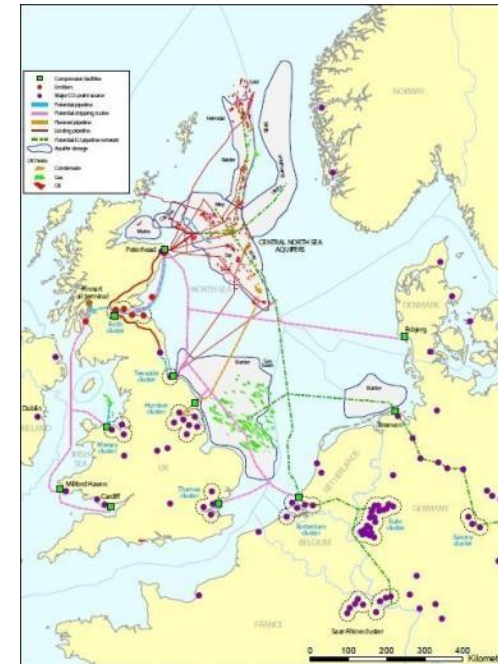
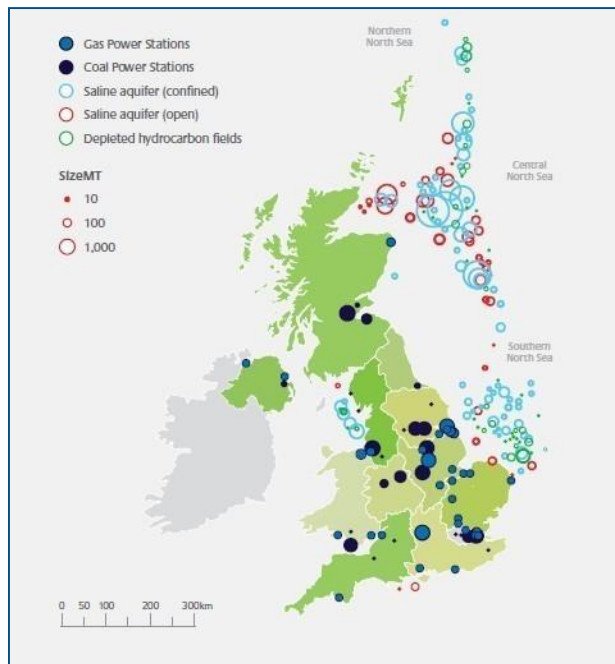
# Full-Chain CCS Project



*Not to scale*

# UK CCS Build Out Potential

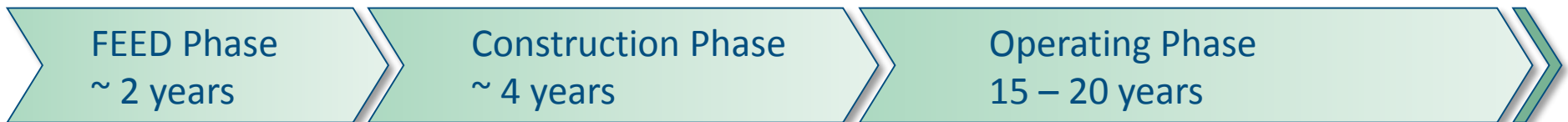
- UK has tremendous storage potential in the Northern, Central and Southern North Sea as well as the East Irish Sea
- According to ETI, the country has potential storage of 78 G tonnes, well in excess of required storage of 3 G tonnes for the UK industry by 2050
- Transport networks to be planned for current and future CCS



Maps source: 1 Energy Technologies Institute Insights Report, carbon capture and storage potential for CCS in the UK  
2 SCCS Unlocking North Sea CO<sub>2</sub> Storage for Europe, Practical actions for the next five years SCCS Recommendations and Conference Report 2013

# Project Status

- Preferred Bidder in the UK's £1Billion CCS Commercialisation Programme
- FEED Contract awarded - signed by the UK Government on 20th December, 2013
- FEED underway: detailed engineering, risk reduction and planning programme leading to financial close, FID and construction commencement.
- Planning Process on track:
  - Power Plant Development Consent Order (DCO) planning application accepted by UK Planning Inspectorate in December, 2014;
  - DCO application for CCS pipeline by National Grid accepted July, 2014
- Continuing work with the UK Government (DECC) towards Project Contract and Contract for Difference (CfD)



- Project Overview & Update
- UK CCS - Pathway to Regional Decarbonisation

# CCS: Strategic importance

## Security of supply

The UK needs a **diverse energy mix** (incl. coal) and **flexible generation** to support intermittent RE and baseload nuclear



## Jobs and growth

**Appx 3,300 jobs** at WR at peak construction averaging 1,000 jobs pa.

Key role in decarbonising **Energy Intensive Industries**

## Climate change

Fossil fuels still power over **80% world energy** & expected to continue so CCS has a key role to play  
Path to COP21 / 2015 agreement



## Affordability

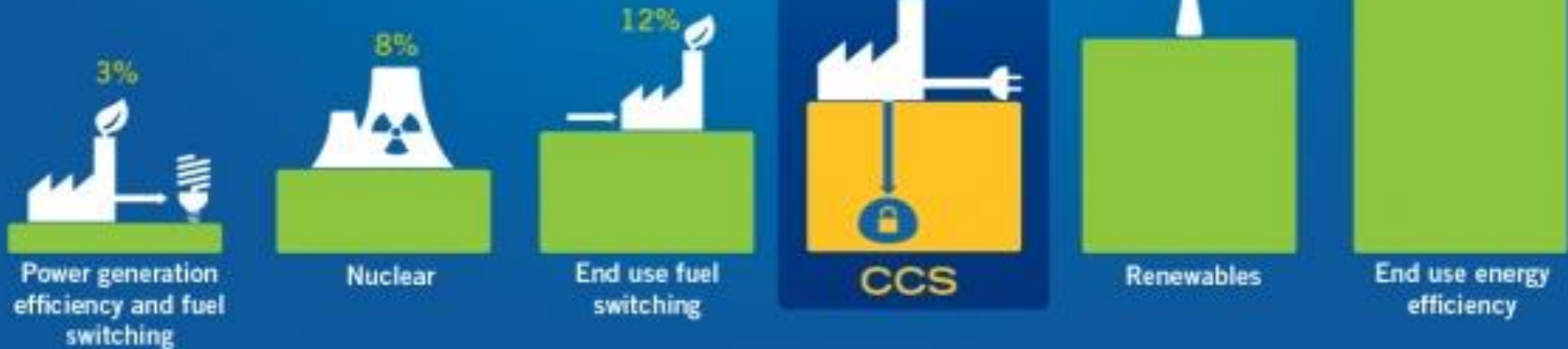
Expected to be **cost competitive** in 2020s

Without CCS climate targets **£30-40bn more expensive** per year

# CCS: Strategic importance

## TECHNOLOGIES AND ACTIONS

As part of a portfolio of actions, CCS accounts for **14%** of total energy-related CO<sub>2</sub> reductions needed by 2050. (Source: IEA, 2012)

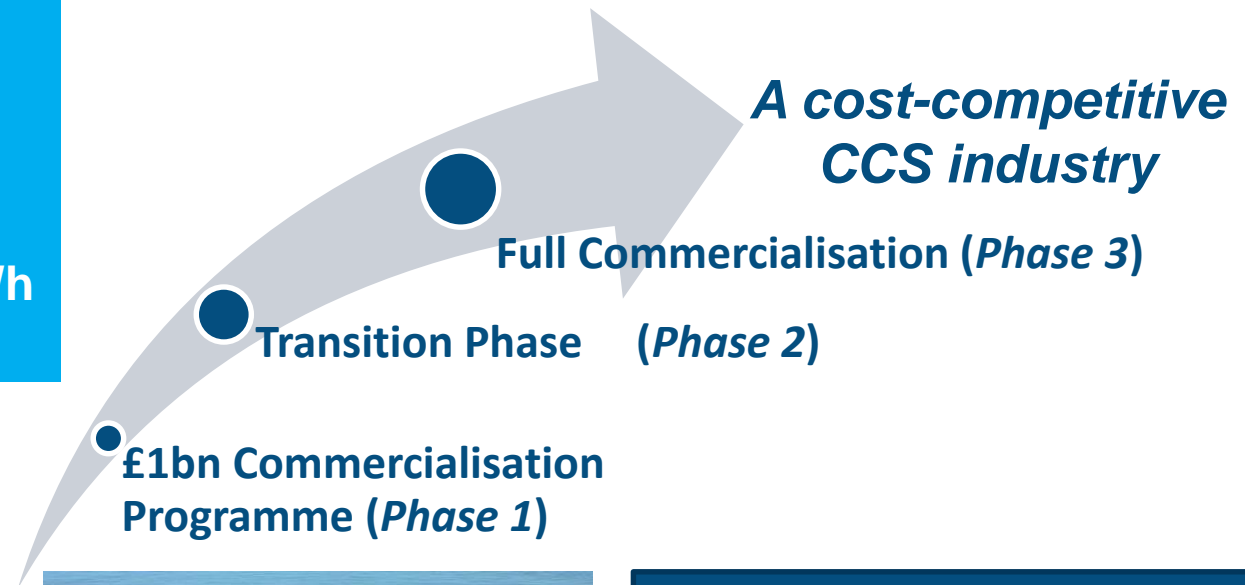


Source slide: IEA

# Path to Full Commercialisation

By 2030

- Up to 13 GW of CCS power
- Levelised cost of electricity <£100/MWh



By 2050

- CCS could provide up to 20% of the UK's energy
- Saving £30 bn

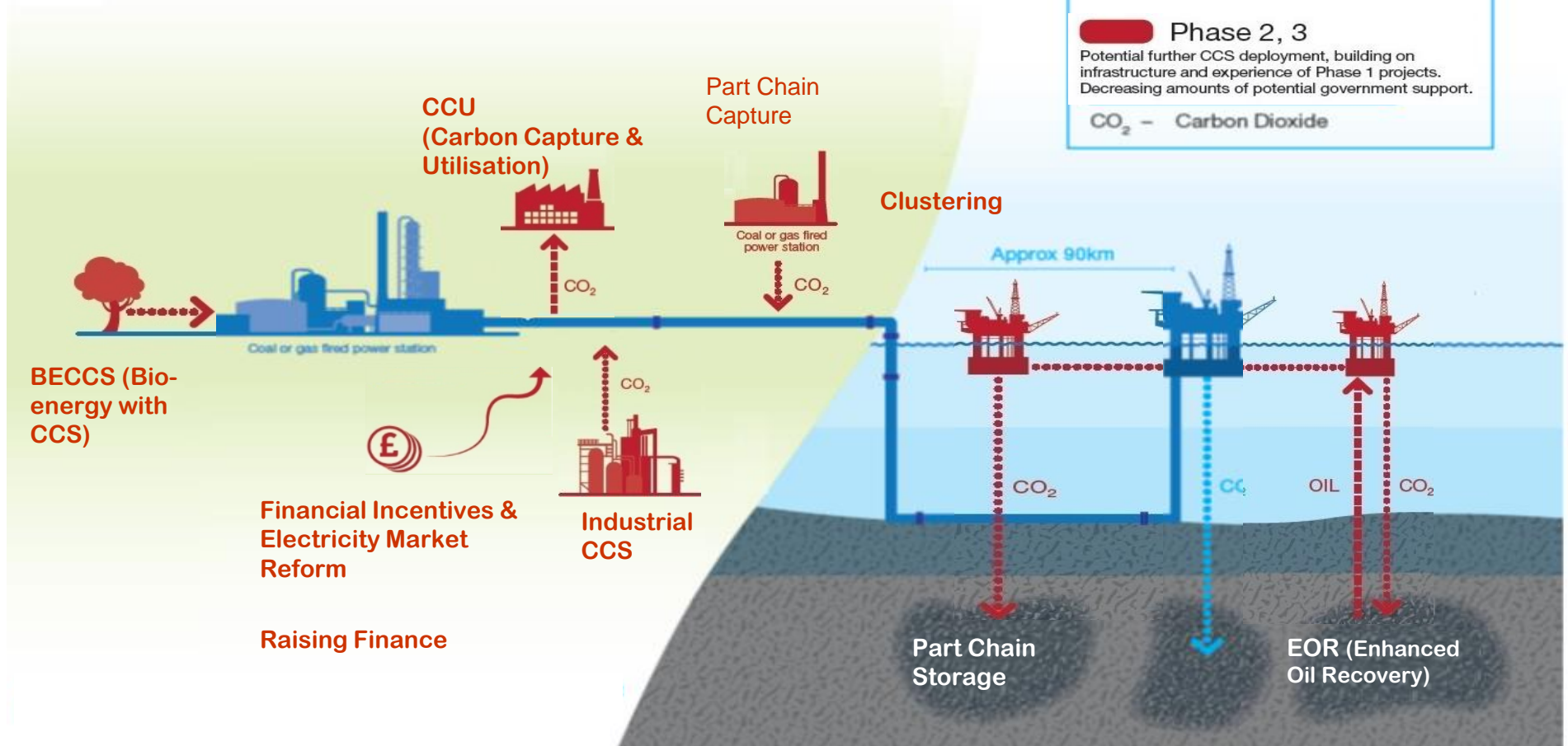
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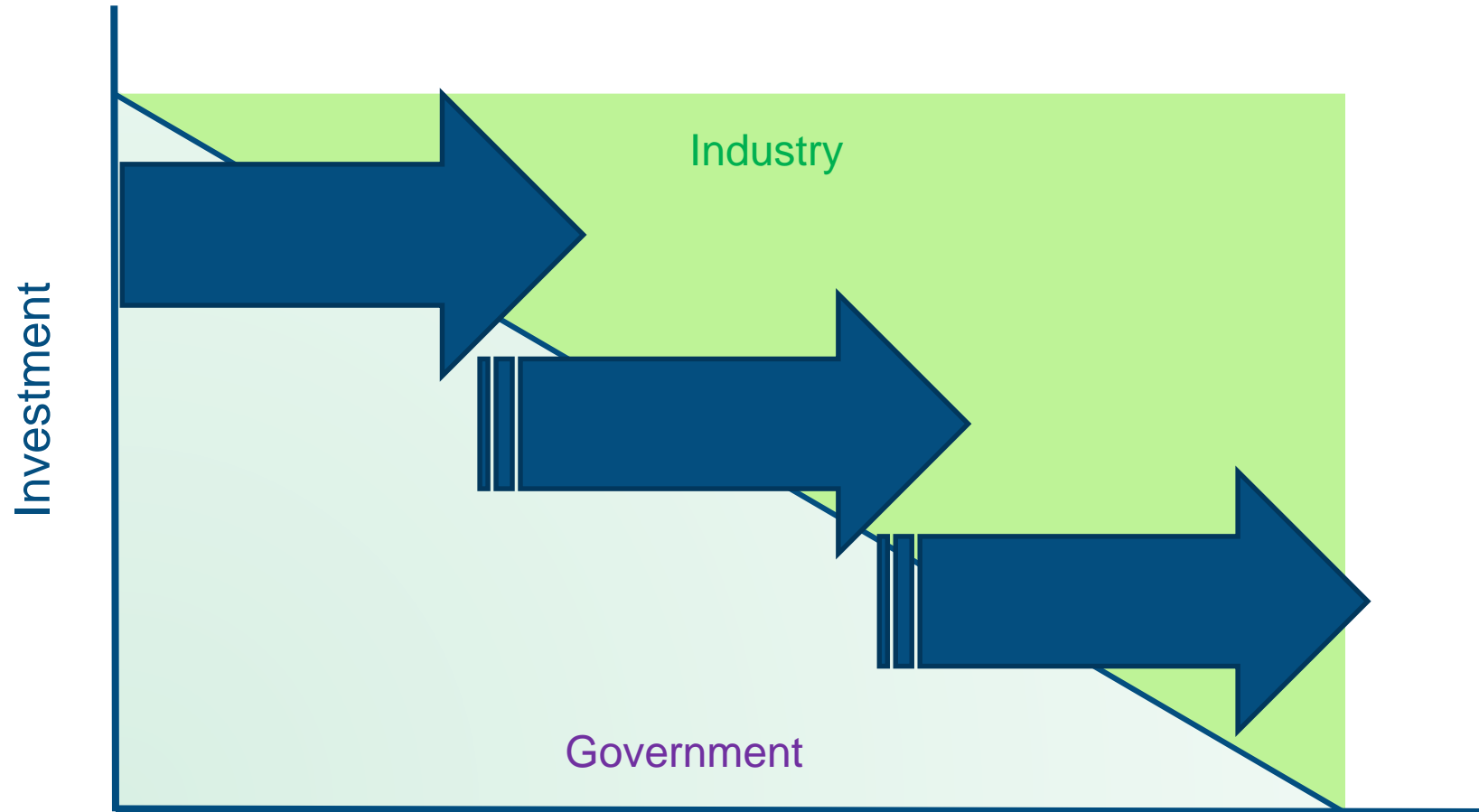
# Pathway to Regional Decarbonisation

## Next Steps in CSS: Policy Scoping Document



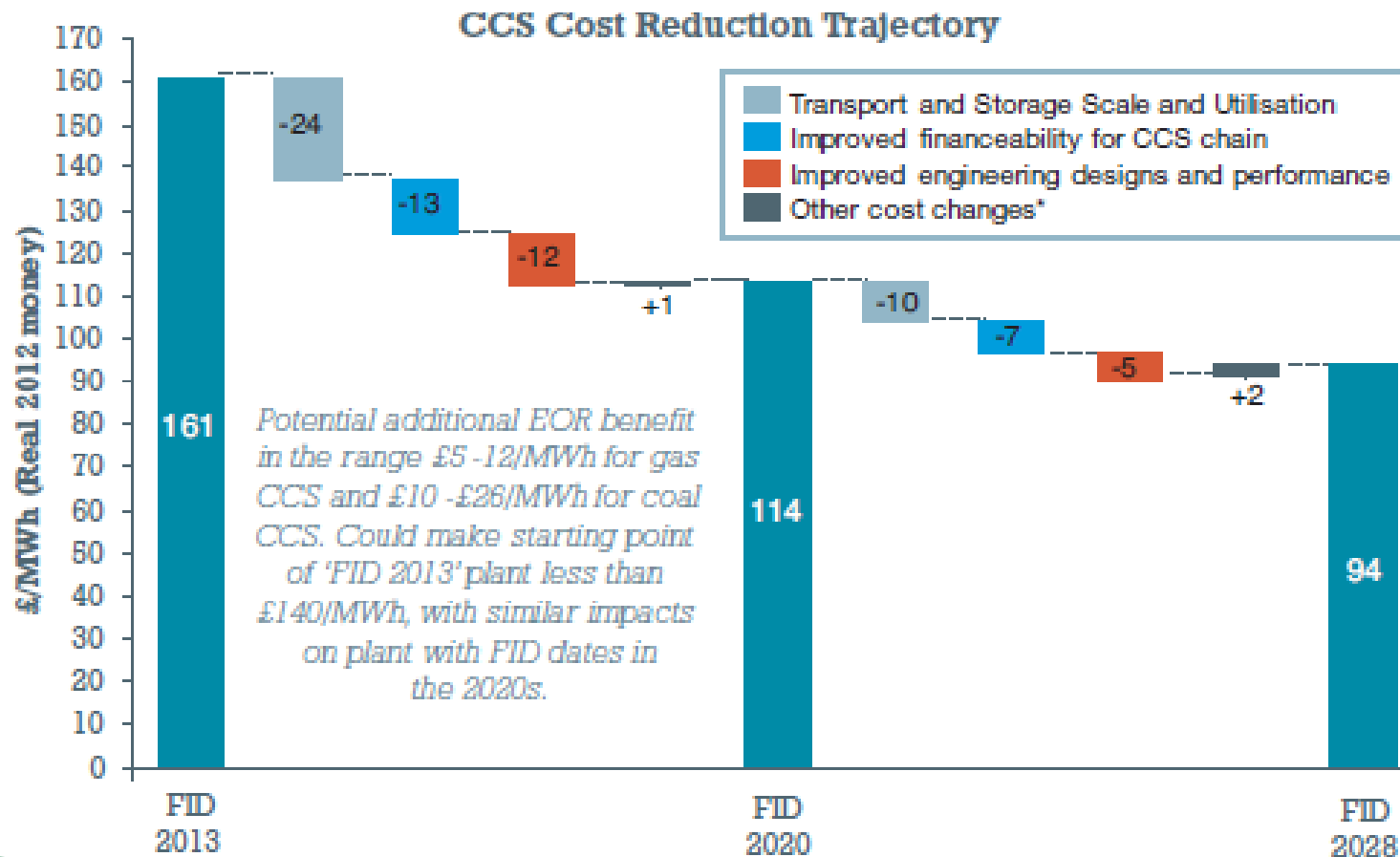
Source slide: DECC

# CCS: Strategic importance



# Costs of Delivering CCS

CCS “has the potential to be cost competitive with other forms of low carbon power generation by 2020s” **CCS Cost Reduction Task Force**



**White Rose will show that abated fossil-fuel power stations will be able to generate flexible, reliable and affordable power as mid-merit plants, providing security of supply and grid stability complementing base load nuclear generation and intermittent renewables.**

 ***White Rose CCS - Powering the industrial strategy for Yorkshire & Humber***

*Artist impression – courtesy of Arup Associates*

# THANK YOU